

Chapter 9 - CIVIL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT^[1]

Sec. 9-1. - Definition.

As used in this chapter, the term "emergency management" means preparation for and the carrying out of all emergency functions, other than functions for which military forces or other federal agencies are primarily responsible, to prevent, minimize and repair injury and damage resulting from disasters caused by enemy attack, sabotage or other hostile action, or by fire, flood, earthquake or other natural cause. These functions include, without limitation, firefighting services; police services; medical and health services; rescue, engineering, air raid warning services; communications; radiological, chemical and other special weapons of defense; evacuation of persons from stricken areas; emergency welfare services (civilian war aid); emergency transportation; plant protection; temporary restoration of public utility services; and other functions related to civilian protection, together with all other activities necessary or incidental to the preparation for and carrying out of the foregoing functions.

(Ord. No. 28, § 1, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-2. - Emergency management organization—Composition.

Officers and employees of the municipality, with volunteer forces enrolled to aid them during an emergency, and all groups, organizations and persons who make the agreements on operation of law, charged with duties necessary for the protection of life and property in the city during an emergency shall make up the city emergency management organization.

(Ord. No. 28, § 4, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-3. - Same—Powers and duties.

It shall be the duty of the city emergency management organization, and it is hereby empowered:

- (1) To develop a municipal emergency management operational survival plan. This plan shall provide for the effective mobilization of all resources of the municipality, both private and public.
- (2) To prepare and recommend for consideration of the city council ordinances necessary to implement the emergency management operational survival plan.
- (3) To consider and recommend to the city council for approval, all mutual aid plans and agreements.
- (4) Other (as may be determined from time to time).

(Ord. No. 28, § 2, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-4. - Emergency management director.

There is hereby created the office of the emergency management director. Such officer shall be nominated by the mayor, and approved by the council. The director is hereby charged:

- (1) To represent the mayor on all matters pertaining to emergency management.
- (2) During periods of emergency to direct the services of all municipal emergency forces.
- (3) To obtain and utilize cooperation of city officials in the preparation and implementation of all emergency management operational survival plans.
- (4) During periods of emergency to obtain vital supplies and equipment needed for protection of life and property of people.

(Ord. No. 28, § 3, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-5. - Volunteers.

All persons, other than officers and employees of the municipality, volunteering in service pursuant to compliance with this chapter, shall serve without compensation. While engaged in such service they shall have the same immunities as officers and employees of the municipality performing similar service.

(Ord. No. 28, § 5, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-6. - Operational survival plan.

A complete and adequate emergency management operational survival plan, will be formulated. This plan will be based upon plans formulated by and in the state operational survival plan.

(Ord. No. 28, § 6, 11-29-60)

Sec. 9-7. - Conflict of laws.

Where provisions of this chapter are in conflict with existing local laws, the provisions of this chapter will govern, and such provisions of existing laws, with which provisions of this chapter are in conflict, are hereby rescinded.

(Ord. No. 28, § 7, 11-29-60)